



Pronoun

English Grammar

by English Guruji

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PRONOUN



Pronoun is the word which is used in place of Noun.

For Example

I, We, You, They, He, She, It

- Ram did not go to school because he was ill.

In this sentence, the word 'Ram' is Noun and the word 'he' is used in place of Noun 'Ram' so it is Pronoun.

Kinds of Pronoun: There are 8 kinds of Pronoun.

1. Personal Pronoun
2. Interrogative Pronoun
3. Relative Pronoun
4. Demonstrative Pronoun
5. Distributive Pronoun
6. Indefinite Pronoun
7. Reflexive Pronoun
8. Reciprocal Pronoun
9. Emphatic Pronoun

1). Personal Pronoun

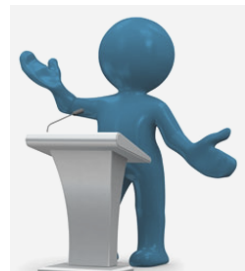
The word which is used for a person is called Personal Pronoun. Personal Pronoun is of three kinds:

- First Person – I, We
- Second Person – You
- Third Person – He, She, They

Person	Number	Function		
		Nominative Case	Objective Case	Possessive Case
First Person	Singular	I	Me	My, Mine
	Plural	We	Us	Our, Ours
Second Person	Singular	You	You	Your, Yours
	Plural	You	You	Your, Yours
Third Person	Singular	He, She, It	Him, Her, It	His, Her, It
	Plural	They	Them	Their, Theirs

Points to remember:

- 'I' is used for singular person.
- 'You' is used for singular and plural person.
- 'It' is used for non-living things.



2). Interrogative Pronoun

Pronoun which is used for 'Questions' is called Interrogative Pronoun.

For Example

- Who built the Tajmahal?
- Whom did you like?

In above sentences, 'Who' & 'Whom' are 'Interrogative Pronoun'.

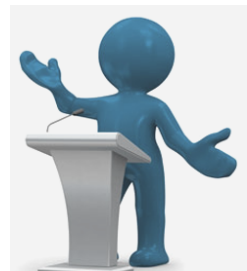
3). Relative Pronoun

Relative Pronoun is the pronoun which is used for any noun. Relative Pronoun joints two sentences.

For Examples

- I bought a pen which was costly.
- This is the boy whose father is a cricketer.

In above sentences, 'Which' and 'Whose' words are used for Noun i.e Pen and Boy.



4). Demonstrative Pronoun

Demonstrative Pronoun is a pronoun in which any person and thing is demonstrated.

For Example

- That is my house.
- These are costly mobiles.

This, That, Those, These are the words which demonstrate any thing or person so they are called Demonstrative Pronoun.

5). Distributive Pronoun

Distributive Pronoun is used in singular number. Each, Every, Either or Neither are used as singular number.

For Example

- Either of you can go there.
- Each of us wants to succeed.

In above examples 'Either' and 'Each' are used as Distributive Pronoun.



6). Indefinite Pronoun

Indefinite Pronoun does not refer to number or quantity of a person or thing.

For Example

- One should do one's duty.
- None is absent.

In above examples, 'One' and 'None' are used as Indefinite Pronoun.

7). Reflexive Pronoun

Reflexive Pronoun is a pronoun in which 'Self' word is used after My, Your, Him, It, Our, Your, Them.

These words can be either emphatic pronouns or reflexive pronouns.

For Example

- He completed his homework himself.
- God helps those who help themselves.

In above example, 'Himself' and 'Themselves' are used as Reflexive Pronoun.



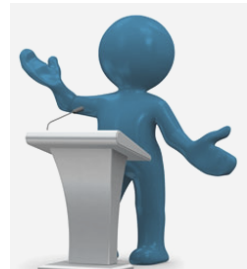
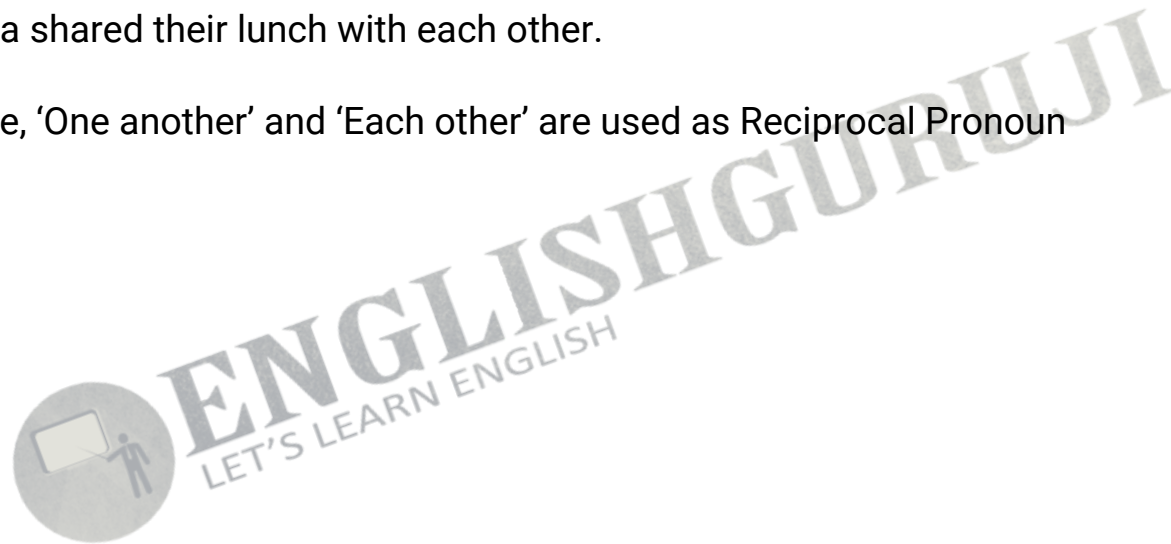
8). Reciprocal Pronoun

Reciprocal Pronoun is a pronoun in which two pronoun show mutual relation.

For Example:

- The boys helped one another.
- Arnav and Arya shared their lunch with each other.

In above example, 'One another' and 'Each other' are used as Reciprocal Pronoun



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Learn use of word while...!!!

While - जबकि
 For a while - कुछ समय के लिए
 All the while - सारे समय
 Once in a while - कभी कभार
 In a little while - थोड़े समय में
 Not worth while - लाभदायक नहीं

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Learn use of word
EVEN

Even (बराबर) = The score is even.
 Even (भी) = Even a fool cannot make such mistakes.
 Even Out (v) (बराबर करना) = Even out the ground.
 Even when (जबकि) = Even when he is sick, he works.
 Evenly (समान रूप से) = An apple should be divided evenly.

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What if - क्या हो अगर
 Even if - भले ही
 If so - अगर ऐसा है तो

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ETC...

- जब तक
- तब तक
- अब भी
- फिर भी

कैसे बनाते हैं ये टेढ़े-मेढ़े वाक्य?
 तुम मेरा क्या बिगाड़ लगे।
 तुमने तो कमाल कर दिया।

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मैं गिरते-गिरते रह गया
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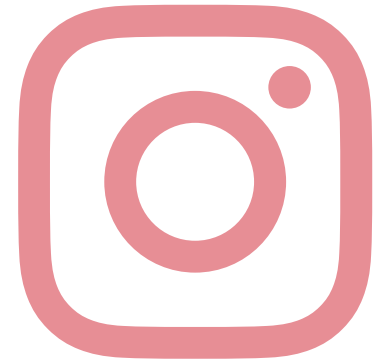
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